

Tom Dempsey's 30 Jazz Progressions You MUST Know

4. Tritone ii-V-I

I_{MAJ}⁷ I_{MIN}⁷ III_{MIN}⁷ IV_{MAJ}⁷ V⁷ VI_{MIN}⁷ VII_{MIN}^{7b5}
 C_{MAJ}⁷ D_{MIN}⁷ E_{MIN}⁷ F_{MAJ}⁷ G⁷ A_{MIN}⁷ B_{MIN}^{7b5}

G^7
 $D^b7 = G^7(b9b5)$

EXAMPLE 1

The example shows three measures of music. The first measure contains a Dm7 chord with a 5fr fingering diagram (1 3 1 2 1) and a guitar tab (5 6 7 5). The second measure contains a Db7 chord with a 3fr fingering diagram (2 1 3 4) and a guitar tab (6 4 3 4). The third measure contains a Cmaj7 chord with a 3fr fingering diagram (1 3 2 4) and a guitar tab (5 4 5 3). Each measure is marked with a 4/4 time signature and a repeat sign.

EXAMPLE 2

Diagram illustrating the fretboard positions for the **Dm7**, **D^b7**, and **Cmaj7** chords, along with their corresponding musical notation.

The diagrams show the fretboard positions for the chords, with fingerings indicated by numbers 1-4. The musical notation shows the chords in both treble and bass staves, with the bass staff using a simplified notation system (e.g., 10, 9, 8).

Dm7 (Fret 10): Fingering 2, 3, 3, 3.

D^b7 (Fret 9): Fingering 1, 2, 4, 3.

Cmaj7 (Fret 8): Fingering 1, 3, 4, 2.